

Dot Confusion: Enforcement issues in the DNS

Nick Wood, Com Laude



My perspective

ICANN accredited registrar working only with IP owners (not retail)

Member of ICANN's IRT & leadership of IPC

Editor of The Perfect Sunrise

Co-ordinator of not-for-profit .London bid

MD of consultancy Valideus working with brands on applications



Agenda

Changing Environment
The New gTLDs
The ccTLDs
IDNS
An over-arching issue



Change is coming

2010: 253 ccTLDs21 gTLDs

- 195 million registered under gTLD & ccTLD
- 28 domain names per 1,000 people if global population is 6.7 billion

2012: 260 ccTLDs, 100 with IDNs 450 gTLDs

gTLDs v. ccTLDs

gTLDs

- Governed by ICANN
- Bound by ICANN consensus policy
- Registrar Accreditation Agreement (RAA)
- UDRP mandatory
- Contract with ICANN
- Payments to ICANN required

ccTLDs

- Not governed by ICANN
- Not bound by consensus policy
- No RAA
- UDRP (or relevant policy) voluntary
- No contract with ICANN
- Payments to ICANN voluntary



Domain Abuse across New gTLds, ccTLDs & IDNs

Pay Per Click (PPC) / Monetisation continues Proxy registrations mask Bad Actors

Serial infringers linked to Bad Actor Registrars

Shadowing mergers

Slamming

Selection of jurisdiction

No decrease in Phishing & Malware

Cybersquatters escape with punishment



Part One

The New gTLDs



New gTLD Program Highlights

Open to entities around the world

Applications to take place in rounds

IDN and Latin (ASCII) characters launched simultaneously

Cost-based application process (today set at \$185K)

Annual registry fee of \$25k for first 50,000 domains

After 50,000 domains, fee of \$0.25c per name per year to ICANN

Striving for predictable application process

Applicants assessed on financial, technical & operational grounds

50 questions, some scored e.g. 14 out of 16 points technical

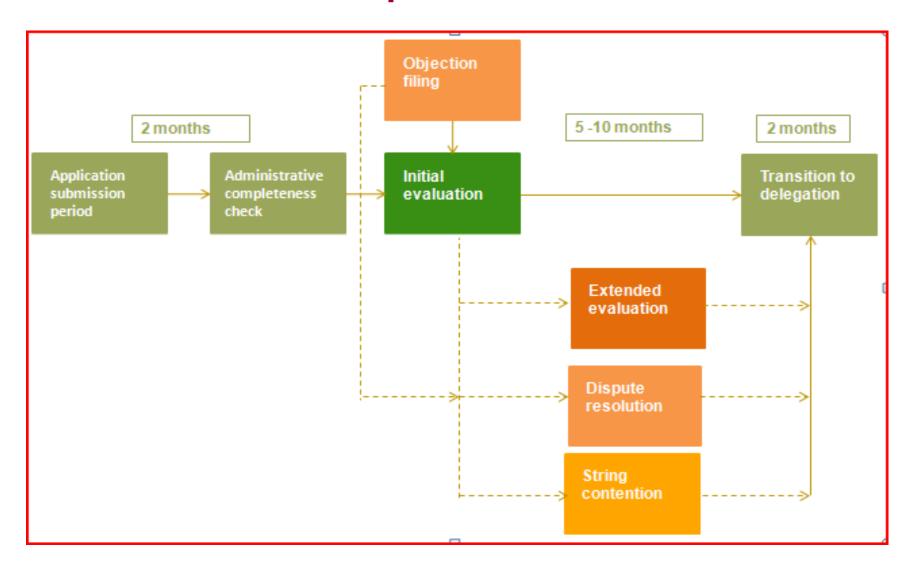
Straightforward for most applications...

...with objection mechanisms prior to awarding name

Applicants self-select Standard or Community-based



ICANN's process





Timelines

ICANN finalising timing. We anticipate:

September ICANN Board retreat on gTLDs

November Guidebook & Application Forms released

December Announcement of timetable by Boar

April/May 2011 Applications open

If applications open April 2011, new gTLD registries open from Dec 2011.



Who will apply?

Geographical & Linguistic incl. IDNs

• Arabs for ,یرع., Londoners for .london

Keyword speculators

To dominate an industry sector: .movie, .music.

Global brand owners

- Natural Born Applicants: Apple, eBay, Facebook, Twitter?
- IP owners who compete for a key term: Polo?
- Innovators seeking new model of distribution: NHL?
- The infringed to signpost authenticity to consumers: Danske?

Not for Profits

To strengthen trust and label authorised representatives



Geographical applications

.berlin



























Keyword applications



















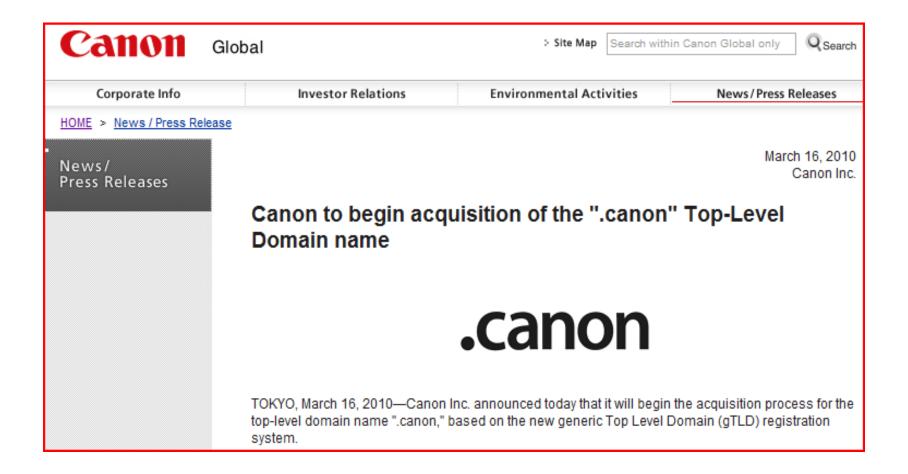








Global brand owners





Not for Profits



Taking the long view, as time goes on a name such as www.donations.unicef and www.cards.unicef will become more intuitive in a more crowded Internet, and thus more valuable because the name reflects exactly that of our organization and declares what it does.



How will the Internet change?

When web surfers adopt direct navigation, typing brand name into a browser, how long before "old" addressing is forgotten?

Search engines to put new gTLDs into algorithms

Consumers to trust email or websites with .brand domains because infringers locked out

ccTLDs incl. .dk to diminish in importance?

New marketing strategies & revenue models built around gTLD registries

Rights owners face increased burden to protect customers



10 issues with new gTLDs

- 1. Is it necessary to apply for your own gTLD (at the Top Level) to protect your rights? What happens if your peers apply and rise above you in the search engines or if you don't apply and a 3rd party with legitimate interests locks you out?
- 2. Will you have to file your key marks at the Second Level in every Open new gTLD? How will you amend your registration strategy? How do you budget for this?
- 3. Will the Clearinghouse be effective?
- 4. Will the IP Claims service work? It was not very effective for .biz



10 Issues with New gTLDs

- 5. There is a only a 45 day window for mounting an Objection: what can you do now to identify possible 3rd party applicants? Will you rely on a Panellist or go to the courts?
- 6. Is ICANN investing enough in registry compliance? Could we see bad actor registry owners as we see bad actor registrants?
- 7. Are there some terms that should be protected in the public interest .health, .food, .children etc? Should there be a special application process for Terms of Public Interest?



10 Issues with New gTLDs

- 8. ICANN has diluted IPR measures proposed by experts to the point where they are useless e.g. Uniform Rapid Suspension Scheme:
 - 14 days slower than eUDRP; 5000 word submission not proforma; Panellists don't need trade mark experience; Dismissal of a case if Panellist thinks defence may have been possible; De Novo review for up to 2 years; fee of \$300 for Panellists; no transfer of property; loser does not pay
- 9. Do Super Brands need special protections? Should a Globally Protected Marks List be revisited?
- 10. ICANN is based in California. All applicants will contract under Californian law. Do you need to look at the possibility of court action against them to protect your rights?



Part Two

ccTLDs



Cybersquatters abound





Fake Whois

Registrant:

Mrs Jello, LLC Trading as: Mrs Jello, LLC

Registrant type:

Non-UK Corporation

Registrant's address:

PO BOX 120

Livingston

07039-0120

United States

Registrar:

eNom, Inc. [Tag = ENOM]

URL: http://www.enom.com

Relevant dates:

Registered on: 17-May-2004 Renewal date: 17-May-2012 Last updated: 16-May-2010

Registration status:

Registered until renewal

Name servers:

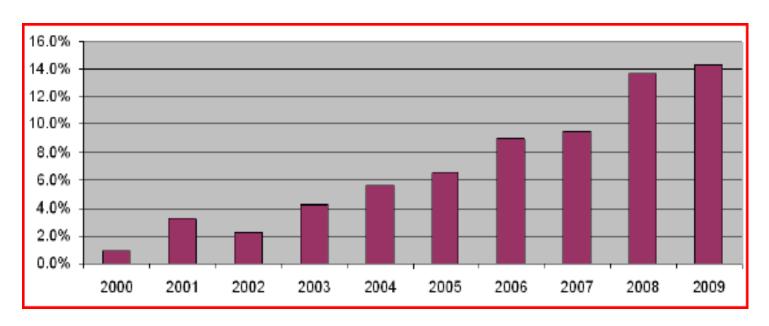
ns1.parkingspa.com ns2.parkingspa.com



Royalbank.org.uk



ccTLD UDRP Filings 2000 - 2009



"Parties based in 114 countries were named in WIPO cases in 2009, up 10% on the previous year" Francis Gurry, WIPO Director, March 2010

COMPLAUDE

ccTLD Own Dispute Processes

.EU

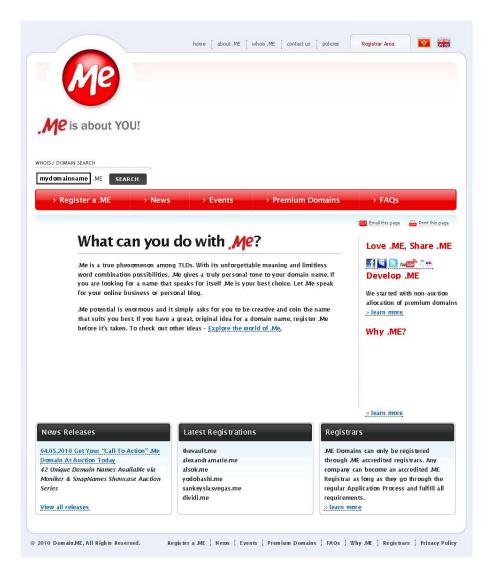
- Loosely based on UDRP
- Elements of a claim:
- ✓ Domain is identical or confusingly similar to a *prior right* owned by claimant
- ✓ Registrant has no rights or legitimate interest in the domain; or
- ✓ Domain was registered or is being used in bad faith

.UK

- Two week mediation period resolves 55% of cases
- Single expert panelist
- Elements of a claim:
 - ✓ Domain is identical to a prior right owned by claimant;
- ✓ Domain was registered, acquired or used in a manner which takes unfair advantage of is detrimental to Complainant's prior rights



ccTLDs as gTLDs



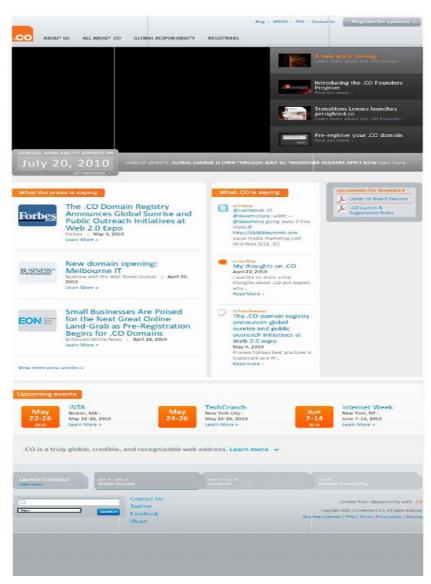


ccTLDs as gTLDs





ccTLDs as gTLDs





10 issues with ccTLDs

- 1. Uneven formalities
- 2. Uneven patchwork of DRS support (62 use UDRP, about 50 their own DRS, over 100 offer no support)
- 3. Accuracy of whois concerns for data privacy can impair enforcement efforts
- 4. Local companies and contacts favoured
- 5. Underfunded and under regulated so continually searching for revenues: ccTLDs as pseudo gTLDs; launch of new second level domains



10 issues with ccTLDs

- 6. Efficiency of the staff and processes: accidental lapses, registry downtime
- 7. No understanding of intellectual property, no inhouse legal advisor
- 8. By Royal Command
- 9. Close (unhealthy) relationship between local registrars and registry
- 10. Release of short (1 & 2 character) domains



Part Three

IDNs

COM LAUDE

Internationalized Domain Names

IDNs have existed at Second Level since 2003

• 音乐.com; [xn--fjq180p.com]

IDNs at Top Level now here

• 北京.中国; [xn--1lq90i.xn--fiQs8S]

From 2003		ASCII domain names (a, b,,z), (0,1,,9), (-)	domainname.TLD icann.org
	7	IDN second level only	실례.TLD -under various existing TLDs
Since May 2010	→	IDN.IDN TLDs	실례. 테스트



IDN ccTLD Fast Track Status

ICANN opens process for Fast Track IDN.IDN November 2009 21 requests in 11 languages, including:

- Chinese, Arabic, Russian, Sinhalese, Tamil & Thai
- 英国优秀服装店.中国

Four now available in the world root

المارات. :United Arab Emirates

Saudi Arabia: السعودية.

Russian Federation: .pф

مصر. :Egypt

From 2011, New gTLDs allowed as IDNs



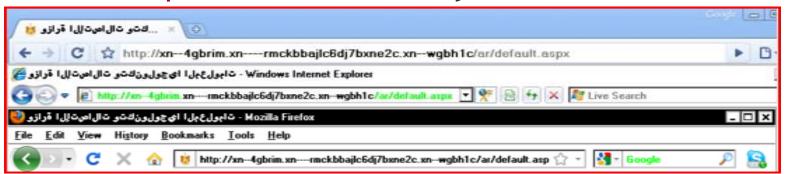
10 issues with IDNs

- 1. Uncertainty over launches: no Best Practice from ICANN
- 2. Will registries give priority to owners of second-level names in ASCII equivalent (grandfathering)?
- 3. Will registries prioritise trademarks in a local script over trade marks in Roman alphabet?
- 4. How to select your terms: Translate, transliterate, or phonetically interpret? How to verify?
- 5. How to search and watch?



10 issues with IDNs

- 6. Typosquatting & confusing similar variations to abound
- 7. Not universally accepted by all browsers and rejected by many web forms (especially right to left languages like Arabic)
- 8. Variant scripts and languages
- 9. Whois may be in local language
- 10. Neither instinctive, distinctive, memorable or comprehensible for many





Part 4

The UDRP The enforcement battleground



ICANN Community on UDRP

Complainants "forum shop"

Panellists should not act for complainants

Taxi Rank system for Panellist selection required

Three person panels only

Registration and use in bad faith requirement applied "creatively"

No ICANN contract with UDRP Providers

Need for an appeals process

Changes to Provider Supplemental Rules should be addressed instead by ICANN Policy Development Proces

WIPO's position compromised as panel provider



IP community on UDRP

Too expensive to use against large-scale cybersquatters

Complainants bear all fees: Loser should pay

Registration or use in Bad Faith

Three strikes and out

Penalties on registrars for failure to implement decisions

Fast track process for Slam-dunk cases

Universal whois from ICANN

ICANN to investigate links between serial cybersquatters and Bad Actor Registrars



Accessing ICANN Compliance

Issue Contact

 UDRP Enforcement Assistance

http://www.internic.net/UDRPI ntakeReportSystem.html

2. Whois Inaccuracy Claims

http://wdprs.internic.net/

3. Information Regarding ICANN Accredited Registrars

http://www.icann.org/en/regist rars/accredited-list.html



Domain name management without compromise

Com Laude 116 Long Acre WC2E 9SU

T: +44 20 7836 0070

www.comlaude.com

Nick.wood@comlaude.com